

# IETF DNSOP WG Update – and some DPRIVE

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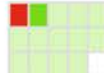
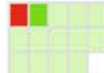
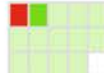
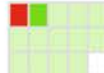
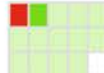
# IETF DNSOP Update on ... (1)

- Submitted to IESG for publication
  - draft-ietf-dnsop-attrleaf /draft-ietf-dnsop-attrleaf-fix
  - draft-ietf-dnsop-dns-capture-format
  - draft-ietf-dnsop-isp-ip6rdns
  - draft-ietf-dnsop-kskroll-sentinel
  - draft-ietf-dnsop-refuse-any
  - draft-ietf-dnsop-session-signal
  - draft-ietf-dnsop-terminology-bis

... and happy OPS AD



# IETF DNSOP Update on ... (2)

<a href="#">draft-ietf-dnsop-attrleaf-14</a> <b>DNS Scoped Data Through "Underscore" Naming of Attribute Leaves</b>	2018-10-10 13 pages <b>New</b>	Approved-announcement to be sent::Revised I-D Needed for 7 days Submitted to IESG for Publication: Best Current Practice Reviews: genart, opsdir, secdir		Warren Kumari Benno Overeinder
<a href="#">draft-ietf-dnsop-attrleaf-fix-05</a> <b>Fixing Specifications with</b>	2018-10-10 14 pages	IESG Evaluation::Revised I-D Needed for 7 days Submitted to IESG for Publication: Best Current		Warren Kumari Benno
<a href="#">draft-ietf-dnsop-isp-ip6rdns-07</a> <b>Reverse DNS in IPv6 for Internet Service Providers</b>	2018-09-26 14 pages	RFC Ed Queue : <b>EDIT</b> for 16 days Submitted to IESG for Publication: Informational Reviews: genart, opsdir, secdir	 Goal is <14 days	Warren Kumari Tim Wicinski
<a href="#">draft-ietf-dnsop-kskroll-sentinel-15</a> <b>A Root Key Trust Anchor Sentinel for DNSSEC</b>	2018-07-02 21 pages	IESG Evaluation::Revised I-D Needed for 21 days Submitted to IESG for Publication: Proposed Standard Reviews: genart, opsdir, secdir		Terry Manderson Warren Kumari Tim Wicinski
<a href="#">draft-ietf-dnsop-terminology-bis-14</a> <b>DNS Terminology</b>	2018-09-13 49 pages	RFC Ed Queue : <b>AUTH48</b> for 31 days Submitted to IESG for Publication: Proposed Standard Reviews: genart, opsdir, tsvart		Warren Kumari Suzanne Woolf
<a href="#">draft-ietf-dnsop-refuse-any-01</a> <b>Providing Minimal-Sized Responses to DNS queries with QTYPE=ANY</b>				

... or Signposting for Operator Input



# Provisioning and Multi Provider (1)

- Aliasing/redirecting in DNS
  - solution for website hosted by CDNs amongst others ([www.example.com](http://www.example.com) vs. [example.com](http://example.com))
  - ANAME and recently a minimal ANAME (Evan Hunt, Peter van Dijk, and Tony Finch are in the room)
  - CNAME in apex draft and presentation by Ondřej Surý at OARC 29 (in the room; Petr Špaček started discussion in DNSOP)
    - also discusses CNAME+DNAME and SRV





# Provisioning and Multi Provider (2)

- Multi provider DNSSEC models
  - deploying DNSSEC in multiple DNS providers setup to distribute an authoritative DNS service (Shumon Huque, John Dickinson, and Jan Vcelak are in the room)
  - Two main models described: (i) serve only and (ii) sign and server



# Serving Stale Data to Improve DNS Resiliency

- draft-tale-dnsop-serve-stale, authors Dave Lawrence and Warren Kumari (both in the room) and Puneet Sood
  - use stale DNS data to avoid outages when authoritative nameservers cannot be reached to refresh expired data
  - IPR statements by Akamai and Google
- Implementations exist: Akamai, Knot Resolver, OpenDNS, and Unbound



# WG Last Call: Algorithm Update

- Algorithm Implementation Requirements and Usage Guidance for DNSSEC, draft-ietf-dnsop-algorithm-update (Ondřej Surý and Paul Wouters)
  - specify a set of algorithm implementation requirements and usage guidelines to ensure that there is at least one algorithm that all implementations support





# The Back of the Camel and Code Complexity —a personal perspective—

- (New) IETF DNS standards add complexity
  - “We do have the sense that the discussion in London really resonated with people, and a couple of the ideas out if it seem to be continuing as part of the discussion in DNSOP — that we should think about complexity in the protocol, and pay attention to who’s implementing things and why. We know that over the long term, wrestling with these issues is part of how we keep a successful protocol evolving in a useful way.”
- DNS software implementors
- Work arounds for broken software
  - DNS flag day



# DPRIVE Recharter

- Develop requirements for adding confidentiality to DNS exchanges between recursive resolvers and authoritative servers (unpublished document).
- Investigate potential solutions for adding confidentiality to DNS exchanges involving authoritative servers (Experimental).
- Define, collect and publish performance data measuring effectiveness of DPRIVE-published technologies against pervasive monitoring attacks.
- Document Best Current Practices for operating DNS Privacy services.